



# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.



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## GARDEN PESTS FIGHT THEM HARD NOW

County War Garden Director  
Gives Suggestions and  
Remedies for Pests

### CABBAGE MAGGOTS BUSY

At this time of the year there is much danger to gardens from the ravages of worms and insects. There is also tendency to neglect the free use of the hoe.

Therefore I feel called upon to warn you against loss from neglect of proper care.

The weeds must be thoroughly removed by the intelligent use of the hoe and garden rake.

Don't dig too deep with the hoe. Scrape the weeds off the ground, then use the rake to remove the weeds into path and carry them to a heap and when thoroughly dried burn them. In this way you will make their propagation more difficult and remove their constant menace.

The reason for shallow hoeing is that the ground be covered with a mulch of dry earth and the moisture below will come up and nourish the plants better.

The danger of insects is now here and so are the insects.

The insects are of two kinds, those that eat the plant fibre and those that suck the plant. Therefore to know and what to use as a preventive one must observe.

When bugs arrive, be sure and strive to find out how they out.

All those that bite with poison fight with caustics, suckers, treat.

The cabbage is now being scourged with the cut worm. Also the tomato and other plants of that species. Their enemy is the cabbage maggot, the product from the egg of the cabbage root fly. This egg is laid in the crevices of the ground and when it is hatched, it attacks the root and the lower part of the stem.

To prevent this attack place a "sleeve" of stiff paper around the plant. This acts as a barrier and as the maggot is legless it cannot get to the plant to destroy it. It is well to place about the plant dirt that you know has not been infested with the eggs, such as that taken from the seed box.

I have found that tangle-foot fly paper is a good sieve, for it is liable to stop other creeping things as well.

For the destruction of the "sucking insects" use nicotine, or the leaves of tobacco steeped in water. When cooled spray with the liquid. Nicotine may be bought at drug and seed stores. One ounce bottle makes two gallons of spray when mixed with that much water.

Bug Dust is a very good remedy. Used dry powder form and dust it on the plant. The duty you owe your self as well as your neighbors is to be sure to hand pick the old "slugs," or Colorado potato bug. This pest is here now and if you will carefully gather them and will with equal care seek for their eggs, that lie in a cluster on the under side of the leaf, and destroy them before they can hatch, you will save yourself and neighbors a great deal of work and annoyance.

When the young bug arrives you must act quickly with the insecticide. Personally I prefer Bordeaux and the Paris green mixture as a spray for the potato. Use one tablespoonful of the mixture for a gallon of water.

Bordeaux mixture used dry is a mighty good preparation for all such things as blackroot, mildew, scab, blight, leaf-rust, and fungoid diseases on both fruit and plants.

Kerosene emulsion will destroy the sucking insects; it is a good remedy for San Jose scale, when lime sulphur is added.

Now, friends, the kindness of this splendid newspaper has been in vain; my labor and care in preparation of this article are in vain, and worse yet, your labor in the planting of your garden or field is in vain—if you do not give attention to the growing crop at this time of danger to its life and maturity.

And these things are easy to obtain and use if you will make the effort. Spray and hoe faithfully and God will give the harvest.

## Selective Service Draftees to be Reclassified

Scores of men in Lake County, who have been placed in class four in the draft may find themselves in class one or two within a short time as a result of instructions sent out by Provost Marshal General Crowder from Washington calling draft boards all over the country to re-classify those who come under the selective service regulations. Gen. Crowder expects to place an additional half million men in class one as a result of the re-classification.

His order is aimed especially at boards where the number of those placed in class one has fallen below the national average. He wishes to learn why some localities have exhausted all the men in class one.

The Waukegan board has classified the men very carefully but under the latest instructions may find it necessary to make a number of shifts.

The following dispatch tells of the latest order:

Washington, June 7.—A general revision of classifications under the selective service act was started today by Provost Marshal General Crowder when he telegraphed to the governors of all states ordering investigations to determine the reason for the small number of registrants in class one in some localities.

The lists of some boards show an average for below the national average of 28.7 per cent of registrants in class one. Some boards have fallen as low as 10 per cent.

Thousands of men now in class four should be in classes one and two, the provost marshal general said. Instructions were also given that any men in class one who are entitled to other classification should have it.

Gen. Crowder also announced that class of 1918 registrants will not be allowed to enlist in the navy or marine corps, and that no voluntary inductions will be granted until order and serial numbers have been assigned.

After numbers are assigned registrants may enlist if they obtain certificates from their local boards stating they are not within the board's current quota.

## Township High School

### Graduating Exercises

The Antioch Township High School closed for the summer vacation last Friday afternoon, and with its closing, fourteen young people were presented with well earned diplomas.

The graduating class of 1918 was composed of the following students: Ernest Cox, Anna Drom, Laura Hatch, Charles Horan, Marshall Jack, Helen Kerr, Pearl King, Mary Sheehan, Russell Smith, Charles Tiffany, Leland Watson, Mary Tiffany, Mary Paddock and Belle Hughes.

The latter three young ladies have previously been through the high school and each entered into educational work and made their mark as successful teachers and by attending Normal school in the summer months, kept steadily advancing. But finding that their progress was hindered by having graduated from a high school that was not accredited, they returned to their home school to take the course over, and for this reason they are included in the graduating class of 1918.

This is the third class to graduate from this school and it is also the largest.

The Class Day exercises were held in the high school auditorium Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock and the Commencement address at the same place at 8:15 o'clock. The Baccalaureate sermon was delivered by Father Lynch, in the school auditorium at 3:00 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

## Seek Conservator to

### Estate of Larson Woman

States Attorney James Welch has filed a petition in the county court asking the appointment of Elmer J. Green as conservator for the estate of Lina Larsen, the half-witted woman of the county farm, who was recently sent to Lincoln home for feeble-minded and who she now is with the babe whose birth created such a sensation in Lake County.

The court fixed a bond at \$1100— which bond represents twice the amount of money which the guilty man is liable under the law to pay this unfortunate woman for his mistreatment of her. The inference thus is that the state expects to have a settlement made also why the request for a conservator? And, the court, by fixing the amount at twice the amount of prospective "estate" indicates the possible developments in the case.

As soon as the bond is filed the conservator likely will take up for settlement the girl's case.

## ASSOCIATION OF HOLSTEIN BREEDERS

Held at Libertyville Last Saturday for the Purpose of Organizing

### ANOTHER MEETING JUNE 15

A meeting was held at Libertyville last Saturday, June 8th, for the purpose of discussing the desirability of organizing a Lake County Holstein Breeders' Association.

There is a big need for an organization of this kind in Lake County as by this means we can more easily build up the Holstein business and at the same time promote other lines of dairying as well. We can usually get better results through organized effort than as individuals. Some of the advantages to be secured through organization are as follows: Better local and outside market can be more easily secured; both small and large breeders can more easily secure right publicity and advertising; it will encourage the raising and selling of sound healthy livestock; promote official test and cow test association work.

Every member of such an organization would keep informed through the local secretary concerning animals wanted or for sale in the county so that a buyer can be directed from one farm to another until his wants are filled. Such an organization would create more interest in better bred Holsteins by holding picnics and by making exhibits at local fairs. Honesty and integrity among the members of such an organization are very essential features if success is to follow as the result of an organized effort. All animals sold should be of high quality.

Three things are absolutely essential if desirable results are to be secured. There should be a strong organization. We should have the best of co-operation and also the right sort of publicity.

Temporary officers were elected by the breeders present: Mr. Geo. White, Antioch, President and W. E. Watkins, Libertyville, Secretary.

Another meeting will be held next Saturday, June 15th, at 2:00 p. m., at Libertyville, for the purpose of adopting a constitution and by-laws and to form a permanent organization. Every man in Lake county who is interested in better bred Holsteins should plan to attend this meeting.

Those who have signified their desire to become charter members of such an organization are: George White and Ralph Miller of Antioch; J. L. Nicholson and Jas. E. Nicholson of Ingleside; Albert Stahl, E. J. Glas, H. H. Schroeder and Lloyd Ritzenthaler of Prairie View; Elbert Elabury, Geo. T. Vase, H. K. Vase, L. W. Wakefield of Curnee; C. G. Simpson of Zion City; Rouse Bros., Thos. Eger and W. F. Stark of Area; Lee Huson and C. E. Cox of Round Lake; A. N. Dunlop and Bert Hawland of Barrington.

W. E. Watkins.

## Doing Their Bit

John's 'cross in France, killing off the Hun;  
Mother's saving sugar and making war buns;  
Father's planting 'aters and making porkers grow;  
And a lot of navy beans he's planting in a row.  
Sister is a Red Cross nurse, she'll sail across the sea  
To tend the soldiers over there, fighting for you and me.  
Frankie's buying Thrift Stamps, and father's bought a bond.  
To help Uncle Sammy's army to safely cross the pond.  
Hurrah for Uncle Sammy and his band of soldiers strong;  
When the Kaiser sees them coming he will not tarry long.  
But he'll shrink beneath his helmet and forget that Bill's his name,  
Then down he'll fall in the ruins of his treachery and shame.  
We are sure that this will happen if we help our country's need;  
Just do your bit, buy Thrift Stamps, and stick to Hoover's creed.

## Cannot Be Done.

"Nobody," said Uncle Eben, "can talk 'til time an' do enough investigatin' to be able to tell de truth."

## Bondholders Purchase Waukegan Railroad at Sale

Bondholders of Waukegan, Lake Zurich and other hamlets in western Lake county on Friday afternoon at Palatine made a purchase of the Waukegan, Rockford and Elgin Traction Co., the little "dinky" line that runs between Waukegan and Palatine. The bondholders' committee was represented by John Pendergast who went there for the purpose of buying the road at no matter what the price.

The result was that the bondholders bought the road under two figures the bidding was started on the basis of selling the road as a going concern and also as junk with the guarantee that the Utilities commission would permit the road to be "junked."

Accordingly the bond holders bid \$44,000 and got it on the basis of a going concern and they ran up to \$60,000 on the basis of junking it.

There were present beside the bondholders several junk dealers from Chicago, who tried to get hold of the property. However, the bondholders were there for the purpose of getting this railroad which connects the western part of the county with Palatine and they would have bid higher had it been necessary.

After the bidding was closed it was necessary for the bondholders to put up 10 per cent of the amount they bid and besides the total figure which they will have to pay over to the receiver later, it is said they will have to take on the taxes of about \$6,000 which have been held against them.

The purchase includes the right of way, the railroad tracks, three engines, one passenger coach, one combination coach, two box cars and one flat car. In all there is about 15 miles of tracking. The purchase gives the bondholders a complete and clear title to the road, except for the taxes which they will have to take care of.

## Supervisors Donate \$500 to Red Cross--Let Road Work

Attorney A. F. Deabian appeared before the board Wednesday morning in behalf of the Waukegan-North Chicago Chapter of the Red Cross and asked the board to come to the assistance of the that chapter at this time when the demand is so great.

The board unanimously voted to give \$500 a month for three months to the Civilian Relief of the Red Cross for the purpose of bringing relief to the families of the men who have joined the colors and are without means of support. The board is to be commended for their prompt action and every member present goes on record as being one hundred per cent patriotic.

The matter of changing the books of supervisors and town clerks in all the townships was taken up and it was decided to purchase new sets of books to conform to the new laws and a more perfect way of keeping records.

It was also brought out at the morning session that the government has OK'd the recent Road Bond issue.

The Eclipse Construction company was awarded the contract for building a concrete road from Waukegan city limits to Zion south limits and from Zion north limits to the state line at Winthrop Harbor, for a total of \$140,000 including the furnishing of cement by that company.

However the road and bridge committee is figuring on making the purchase of cement themselves, whereby they will be able to save about \$10,000. This will lessen the amount of the Eclipse company's bid.

## Lake Villa Bank To

### Be Re-organized

The Lake Villa bank, recently suspended by the State auditor because of slow loans, will in all probability be re-organized. The present plan is to exclude the Sexton interests and float the shares among the business men of the village and the farmers of the locality. No definite action will, however, be taken until a thorough investigation has been completed. Poor loans are the cause of the present difficulties and it is estimated that about \$25,000 dollars worth of the bank's loans are not collectable, but it is hoped that a satisfactory adjustment will be made. Those backing the move for reorganization are: F. M. Hamlin, R. Manzer, R. Wendland, Ruah Hussey, Wm. Weber and E. A. Wilton.

## Use for Coffee Grounds.

The question of what to do with the coffee grounds has at last been satisfactorily answered, says the Popular Science Monthly. Just pour them out into the sink-strainer and dump them into the garden. They contain some valuable fertilizing properties, including a large percentage of nitrogen and a fair amount of potassium and phosphorus.

## NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

Our Exchanges Have Many Items of Different Events Concerning News.

### NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

The Lake Geneva Gardeners' association distributed tomato plants free to all who would call for them.

All of the concrete for Elkhorn's new paving has been laid and patient citizens now await the coming of the asphalt aquad.

The Fourth of July celebration at Lake Geneva will be a Red Cross benefit, all money taken in going to that worthy organization.

Members of the Carpenters' Union at Waukegan receive 80 cents per hour for their work, the new scale going into effect last Saturday.

T. H. Murray of Harvard, county leader, reports the organization of 38 corn and canning clubs this year, the total membership being 600.

The Wisconsin Shipbuilding & Navigation Co., incorporated with a capital stock of \$5,000,000 has been formed in Milwaukee, and will at once begin the construction of yards for the building and equipment of boats for the Atlantic service.

The Walworth, Wis., cow testing association, with 304 cows, has just completed a year's work. A pure bred Holstein owned by Benno Schwartz with a milk production of 17,550 pounds containing 654.7 pounds of butter fat lead the association.

Farmers in Winnebago county, Wis., have contracted to raise 1,000 acres of hemp. A company has been formed with headquarters at Pickett to handle the crop. It is planned to build a spinning mill at Oshkosh as soon as the machinery can be obtained.

Ralph P. Wells, a nineteen-year-old Woodstock boy, was drowned on May 19, when a U. S. transport was sunk by a U-boat in the English channel. The young man enlisted in the 7th United States engineer corps on Dec. 6, 1917. Leroy Wells, a brother, is also in the service and is already across the water.

A bid of \$23,000 for the construction of the Fox Lake Bridge was accepted and the official board decided to go ahead with the bridge even if the war prevented the obtaining of steel. If steel cannot be had a temporary wooden structure will span the concrete abutments. The road will also be built.

## Youngest Child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gifford Dead

Helen Louise Gifford, youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gifford, died at their home in Chicago, on Wednesday of last week, her death being due to a complication of throat troubles which followed an unusually severe attack of whooping cough.

The little one was six years of age and was apparently making satisfactory progress in recovering from the cough when suddenly complications developed and she lived but a few days.

The funeral services were held in Chicago on Friday. The Gifford family whose home is in Chicago, is very well known here having spent their summers at Channel lake for many years.

## Notice for Bids

I will receive sealed bids, on Saturday afternoon, June 15, between the hours of three and five o'clock, at the office of the town clerk in the village of Lake Villa, Ill., for the furnishing and hauling of gravel from the Chope and Waukegan pits to one half mile, more or less, of the Millburn road, beginning at the Dodge school and working north toward Millburn. Three yards of gravel is required for each rod of the road. Each load must contain one and one half yards of gravel. A certified check for \$200 must accompany each bid. Right reserved to reject any or all bids. Albert Kappie, town clerk. Geo. McGredie, road commissioner.

## Mrs. Nettie Selter Taylor Passes Away Last Thursday

On Thursday of last week after a long illness near Waukegan occurred the death of Mrs. Nettie Selter Taylor, a former resident of Grass Lake.

She was the daughter of Christian and Minnie Selter and was born at Grass Lake on the seventh day of December 1869, there she grew to womanhood and few young ladies were better known in the locality, than she. On the twentieth day of October 1899, she was united in marriage to William A. Taylor and went to make her home in the vicinity of Wadsworth and lived there until a few years ago when they removed to a farm near Waukegan. Her visits back to her Grass Lake home were frequent and she kept in close touch with her many girlhood friends hereabouts, who sincerely regret her demise.

She had been in failing health for the past two or three years but always maintained the hope of recovery. However a few weeks ago locomotor ataxia developed and she failed very rapidly.

Besides her husband she is survived by three sisters, Mrs. W. Herman of Lawton, Okla., Mrs. Chas. Lux of this village and Mrs. E. V. Lux of Wadsworth, also one brother, Robt. Selter of Grass Lake.

The funeral services were held at the home Saturday afternoon at one thirty o'clock and the remains were laid to rest in the Millburn cemetery.

## New Draft Men May Not

### Be Sent Away During June

Dr. F. C. Knight, chairman of the local draft board, expressed doubt that the boys who registered in this district on June 6, will be called away in the draft of June 21. He thinks that the draft will be made up of men in class one under the first draft.

Class one in this district is practically exhausted, he said, but this is not true in hundreds of other districts and where one district is not able to fill its quota an additional number is drawn from some other district. If this is done it will be necessary for some other district to make up the quota of 75 men asked of this district. In the opinion of Dr. Knight the plan is to exhaust those in the original class one before calling out the new registrants.

The local board has given all registrants here their registration number. The order number, that is, the number which will designate their place on the list, will be made out at Washington by the lottery system.

## Additional Locals

Mr. and Mrs. Nason Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. Artie Bock, Misses Mary and Deedie Tiffany and Chas. Sibley autoed to Chicago Tuesday.

J. R. Graham of Long Lake, won the Hercules cup, carrying with it the world's trap-shooting championship, from Bart E. Lewis of Auburn in a special 200 bird match on the opening day's program of the Illinois state trapshooters' tournament by 181 to 177.

Miss Brand, who has been employed as one of the instructors at the Antioch high school is now in charge of a night school which is held at the high school building five evenings of each week. English and geometry are taken up. So far there are ten pupils enrolled and the prospect is for a good sized class a little later on.

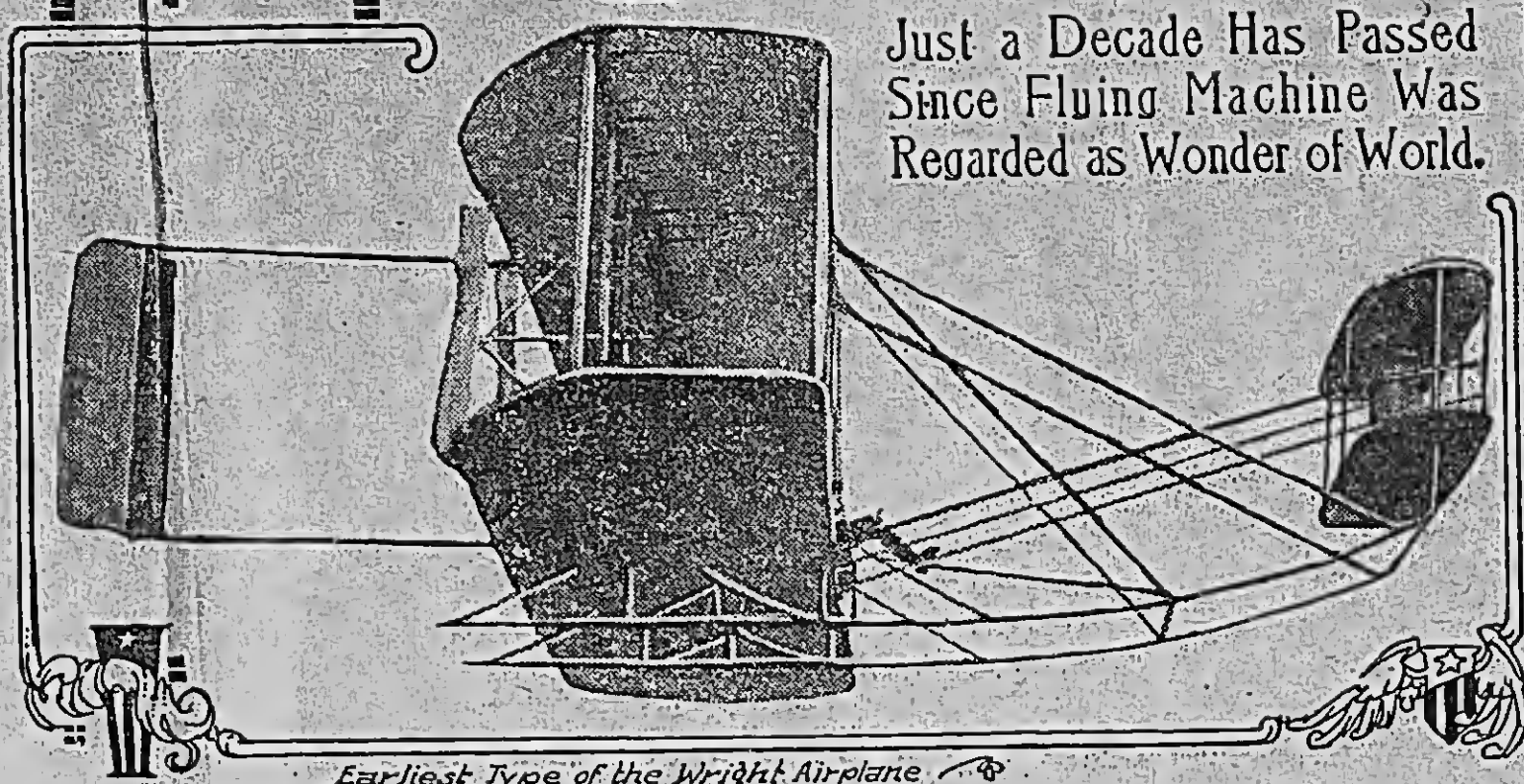
The B. M. C. or "Mystic" club will be organized Friday evening at eight o'clock in the boys choir room at St. Ignatius' church. The "Mystic" club is a secret society of all baptized boys, regardless of creed and outside of the meetings the society is given over to scouting. All boys who are interested are asked to attend at the given hour. There are five degrees and four Mystic fires. The name of the society is only known to those above the Novitiate or first degree. Any boy being ten years old or over is eligible.

The booklet containing a write up of the Village of Antioch and each of its surrounding lakes, and the hotel thereon, is now ready for distribution. It is made up of twenty-nine pages and contains twenty-four cuts of our village streets, the depot and views of the various hotels, lakes, etc. It is very neatly gotten up and is a clever bit of advertising for both the village and the summer resorts. The Antioch Commercial association has purchased five thousand copies and are disposing of them to members of the association for five cents each, to those outside of the association the price is eight cents each. Any one wishing to purchase any of these books can do so by calling at the News office, where they have been left for sale.



# Airplane Only Ten Years Old

Just a Decade Has Passed Since Flying Machine Was Regarded as Wonder of World.



Earliest Type of the Wright Airplane

Only ten years ago, D. Bruce Salley, a Norfolk (Va.) newspaper reporter, entered the office of the United States weather bureau at Mantec, N. C., and wrote a brief dispatch which he handed to A. W. Drinkwater, the officer then in charge, with instructions to duplicate it to a dozen metropolitan dailies in the East which he had designated in the upper left-hand corner of the sheet. The dispatch tersely stated that Wilbur and Orville Wright had flown that afternoon 1,000 odd feet in a heavier-than-air machine propelled by an engine and offered to send the full story on a telegraphic order.

Next morning the world at large was given an accurate account of the Wrights' epoch-making performance. Their machine—the construction of which was known only to themselves and the few life savers on the North Carolina banks who had added them to the big canvas and wooden bird on Kill Devil hill—had soared off into space, had proceeded in a straight line a fifth of a mile and had dropped gently to the sand with neither itself nor its inventors any the worse for the experience. The news, utterly discredited by many scientists and taken with a grain of salt by the public generally, was flashed the length and breadth of the world. The performance was considered incredible.

**Contrast in Today's News.** Tomorrow's newspapers will tell of bombing airplanes dropping tons of deadly explosives on the lines of the allies and the central powers in Europe, of myriads of scouting machines circling thousands of feet in the air above these lines and of huge passenger biplanes and monoplane passing from point to point at speeds of from 100 miles an hour upward. These items will be read casually and with little particular interest because they are common, every-day occurrences.

A day or so before Salley filed in the Mantec office the dispatch which electrified the world, word had been received in several metropolitan newspaper offices that the Wrights of Dayton, O., had gone to Kitty Hawk, N. C., where they had appeared in 1903, and were again conducting experiments with a glider, as an airplane without motive power is called. As the Wrights had obtained some success in glider building, and as rumor credited them with having constructed an airplane engine capable of lifting the glider from the ground and propelling it through the air, several New York newspapers had dispatched staff representatives to the banks. They were at this moment groping their way to this isolated corner of the world, 53 odd miles from the railroad and accessible only by motor boat from Elizabeth City, N. C.

**Watched Flights From Tree.** Salley, who had "covered" the banks whenever shipwrecks worth while occurred there, had received more accurate advance information concerning the Wrights' experiments than had the metropolitan newspaper editors, and had dropped down to Mantec, on the island of Roanoke, some days previous. Each morning thereafter he had made the ten-mile trip across Pamlico Sound to Kitty Hawk, and from a perch in a forest tree on the edge of the desertlike banks had observed activities about the Wright hangar with the aid of a powerful pair of field glasses. His perch also commanded an excellent view of the ocean side of Kill Devil hill, largest of all the great dunes, up the side of which had been constructed a 300-foot railway.

Twice each day the Wrights, assisted by the life savers, all of whom had been sworn to secrecy, started the glider down the incline, elevated the plane and shot into the air, to drop gracefully

upon the earth after short flights measured in time by seconds. An accurate description of the contrivance in which the Wrights flew was impossible, as no close view of it could be obtained even by an adroit and resourceful reporter. So determined were the inventors to guard their craft with secrecy that they announced they would pack up their machine and return to Dayton the instant they learned they were spied upon. It was no part of Salley's plan to spoil a good story.

**First Long Flight Made.** The afternoon of May 9 was cloudy, with a tendency toward rain. The wind was northeast and blowing 14 miles an hour. Ordinarily the Wrights would not fly in this sort of weather. Nevertheless the machine was brought from the hangar and started. The gliders showed that it was not only equipped with a gas engine but that it carried seats for two and had a pair of propellers. The group of life savers prevented a clear view of the start; but a moment later the reporter did see the machine take the air, head directly for the ocean and land a thousand feet distant, apparently under full control of the pilot. At dusk, no more flights having been attempted, the reporter made his way back to Mantec, well aware that he had a story of worldwide interest, but depressed by the knowledge that the facts would be generally discredited.

Next day half a dozen newspaper men from New York arrived at Mantec. Every one was a doubting Thomas straight from Missouri. They were all going right over to the flying fields and talk to the Wrights. But they didn't. For one thing, the Wrights weren't talking. For another, life savers bobbed up out of nowhere when one had labored through the sand to a point a mile from the hangar. They were acting under special instructions from Washington, which were not to the effect that the inventors were not to be disturbed. The Wrights had the legal end of the argument, as they had borrowed the land from the life savers who owned it.

There was but one thing to do and the reporters did it. They followed the example of Salley and climbed trees. May 11 the Wrights made a flight of two and seven-sixteenths miles and followed this with a flight of two and one-sixteenth miles. The longer flight was made at the rate of 46.774 miles and hour and the shorter at 32.231. In each instance, as in all the others, it was necessary to wheel the machine to the top of the incline known whereby the airplanes could rise in the air from level ground.

**Flights Epoch Making.** Both these flights were epoch making, in that the Wrights did not keep to a straight course. For the first time they circled one of the dunes and also returned to the starting point after a straight flight of three-quarters of a mile. The observers commented on the skillful manner in which the big canvas bird made the curves.

The writers who covered these initial flights stuck strictly to such facts as they were able to obtain. There was no romancing, no fanciful descriptions and no haphazard guesses. Yet these plain accounts, now known to be accurate, were regarded with great suspicion when they were received in newspaper offices. The reporters were frequently cautioned to be conservative and one man was commanded by the editor of a Cleveland paper to confine himself to facts and "cut out all this wild stuff about two-mile flights."

The final experiment was made May 14. At noon that day the Wrights left the grounds and made a flight of eight miles, the distance being judged accurately over ground carefully measured. All previous speed records were broken, two of the eight miles being made in two minutes and forty seconds.

Several short flights were then made, and into the day Wilbur Wright, with Furness, his mechanic, rose in the air to beat even the eight-mile record. At the height of twenty feet he started up the beach in a northeasterly direction, and in the face of a twenty-mile-an-hour wind. In chronicling this flight one of the reporters wrote:

**Machine Sailed Beautifully.**

"The machine sailed along serenely under the bright blue sky like a thing endowed with life. Behind her floated a flock of gulls and crows that seemed at once amazed and jealous of this new thing of the air. Reaching the hills that jut out on the beach, the cruiser of the air proudly lifted her nose and, kiting upward, passed easily over the thirty-foot summit. She then crept on down the beach until the three-mile limit was reached, when, with another twist of the lever she described a graceful turn and began the journey back to the starting point. With the same ease and grace she made the return, appearing and disappearing at intervals as the sandhills intervened, and circled the hangar, swung in a half circle once more and was off again over her old tracks down across the sand dunes. The picture was astounding and picturesque at once. There was not a motion visible when she passed the observation point of the correspondents, and once more she lifted up and passed over the hill and out of sight. It was the last vision the correspondents had of the graceful alrship. Down the home stretch between the sea and the sandhill, something gave way. The watchers heard a whirling of the machine and then all was silent. While we waited for her to reappear word was brought that the ship had been wrecked. A wrong lever had been pulled, and her nose, instead of elevating, had turned down, and she had dived into the sand. A guy wire cut Wright on the nose, but he escaped other injury."

The next appearance of the Wrights at Kitty Hawk was made in the fall of 1911, when Orville Wright conducted a series of experiments in a glider in the hope of perfecting a stabilizing device. No engine was used. During one night he remained stationary in the air 80 feet above the crest of Kill Devil hill ten minutes and one second, thereby breaking the world's glider record.

## Real Poverty

Poverty is a variable term and much subject to comparison. Some will allow it only to those who have been born to it. To have been always half-starved, these think, and to carry a basket from door to door—that is to be poor. But it is idle to think of cold and hunger to the point of beggary as the only cold and hunger there are. Not alone are there degrees of cold and hunger of the body—discomfortable and ill-nourished living—but there are, as well, things which seem to me even more difficult to endure—unsatisfied hunger of the mind and heart and a most cruel and persistent chill of the spirit—Laura Spencer Porter, in the Atlantic.

**Sailors' Collars.** All sailors' collars have a border running round them consisting of three white lines close together and parallel. In men of the regular British navy these lines are straight, but the collars of the Naval Volunteer force have the lines wavy. It is difficult to say exactly when the lines came into use or who first originated the idea, but those who have studied the question of uniforms state that the lines represent the three great naval victories of Nelson: The battle of the Nile, Copenhagen, and Trafalgar, and are intended to perpetuate the memories of these glorious British triumphs on the sea.

**Appt Comparison.** The spendthrift is like a buzz saw. He scatters a lot of dust while running around and has nothing to show for it but his board.

# NEWS and GOSSIP of WASHINGTON



## Now Comes the "Yeotte" to Dazzle Washington

WASHINGTON.—This wonderful old city is just brimful of dashing, flashing, fetching uniforms. Of course, the people who fill the uniforms catch most of the feminine eyes, but there is one uniform that rather causes the male glance to wander. Maybe it isn't the uniform, but there is something mighty attractive about the "yeotte" even to a woman.

With ducky little blue coats, double breasted and brass buttoned, and white duck skirts, and a cute little white sailor hat, the yeotte certainly makes a pretty picture as she mingles with the thousand and one other uniforms on the streets of Washington.

But the yeotte has something more important to do to win the war than to look handsome. She is a mighty important cog in the machinery of Secretary Daniels' organization which is fighting the undersen boats of the kaiser. If the navy wins the war, and there are those in Washington who believe it will, all of the glory can't go to the brave men who were on board ship. Without the organization behind them they wouldn't have been able to accomplish much, and without the yeotte the strength of the navy wouldn't be as great today as it is.

Of course, it seems that the little yeotte is mighty unimportant, but she has filled a good many gaps in the navy department and she has released hundreds of men for service on sea. She is really nothing more than a first-class stenographer and office secretary, but in these days any sort of a stenographer is a prize and the first-class stenographers and typists who become yeottes are jeweled prizes.

## Now, What Will Selfish Bachelors Be Doing Next?

A MAN was buying darning cotton. The woman next had just transacted a little deal in pins. Counting by seasons, he was early summer and she was autumn nipped by frost. The classification is necessary to explain the impersonal chumminess of the two.

"Hello, Frank, boy. Looks as if you have been getting married."

"Never trust to looks, Miss Ann. We ran out of thread and Joe tied a string around my finger—see? He's the family mender."

It sounded somewhat cryptic, so autumn asked for enlightenment, and this is what she got:

"Two years ago four of us department fellows set up housekeeping, and have just renewed the lease. It's a bully way to live, Miss Ann. Each of us has two rooms which we furnish to suit ourselves, and there is a man to cook and a Saturday cleaner to make the wheels go round. Bob attends to rent and wages, Joe markets and weeds, Billy keeps tab on fuel and light bills, and I'm the official shopper. Say, Miss Ann, this housekeeping stunt is great. I don't blame you business women for not getting married unless you feel like it—because I'm that way myself. I used to think I'd have to get a wife just to have a home—every man wants a home, but now that I've weathered the intonations of calfhood you don't catch me ever giving up my home with the boys, except for sold love. What do you say to that, lady?"

And lady said—but never mind what she said. He didn't.

## Believes He Struck a Parcel Post Bargain Day

MALCOLM KERLIN, assistant city postmaster, ought to know about this, anyway, so here goes: Kirk Miller, that angular fellow, wants to know when bargain days in parcel post went into effect. Kirk says he had a package to send to a friend in New Mexico the other day, so he took it around to a branch post office early in the morning.

"How much will this take?" he asked the man behind the window. The man weighed the parcel, looked through his book for the zone rate, and then answered:

"Ninety cents."

Having but 90 cents in his pocket, Kirk decided to postpone the mailing of the parcel until later in the day, when the treasury could be replenished. At lunch time Kirk tried it again.

"There was another clerk at the window this time."

"How much will this package take?"

"Forty-eight cents."

"Gee!" said Kirk to himself, making some mental calculations. "I'll hold on to this until later in the day."

That evening on his way home from work he stopped in again.

"How much?" he asked.

The clerk—another one still—weighed the parcel and said:

"Forty-one cents."

"Guess that's cheap enough," replied Miller. "You can have it."

## Just Why Jimmy and Leo Didn't Get That Raise

THIS is the story of a case of mistaken identity. Jimmy and Leo were out in one of their employer's automobiles early the other morning—so early, in fact, that the streets were pretty clear of people. "Gee," said Jimmie, "look at the pretty little dog. Why, it looks like—"

"It belongs to the boss," finished Leo. "Let's catch it and take it back to the office, and maybe we'll get a raise."

Jimmy and Leo descended from the car and, with soft tread, made for the dog. But that creature was wily and eluded their grasp in a graceful but effective manner. Into the automobile hopped the two boys, and after a few preliminary bangs the car sped after the dog. Catching a dog in an automobile is not as easy as it sounds. The dog took it easy and kept to the sidewalk, making the downtown blocks without any trouble.

Then he ran into a yard, up the front steps, and into the vestibule of a fine-looking house.

"Now we've got him!" whooped Jimmie. Cornered in the vestibule, the dog had little chance, indeed, to escape the triumphant youths. They grabbed him up and made off with him.

Indignant barks and k-y-ls awoke the neighborhood. A window went up in the front of the house.

"Let go my dog! Let go my dog! Oh, make them bring back my dog!" screamed a voice from the window.

"The woman's crazy," said Jimmie. "It ain't her dog; it's the boss."

"Let 'er go!" yelled Leo, and the car shot away, with the dog yelping in vain.

"The boss will be there by the time we get back," said Leo. The boss was there, all right, and he was waiting for them.

"Yesir, here's your dog," said Jimmie and Leo.

"It isn't my dog," said the boss. "It belongs to Mrs. — on Sixteenth street. She just telephoned in here and said that two young thugs had stolen the dog out of her front yard and had carried it off in one of our wagons."

## EXPERT'S TRIBUTE TO WESTERN CANADA SOIL

That there is good reason for the wonderful crops of grain grown in Western Canada, which have made thousands of former residents of the United States wealthy, is not always given the thought that it deserves is quite apparent. But that there must be a reason is quite evident. Probably more than one—but the one that requires emphasis—is that the soil is of the nature that will produce good crops. It was not long since that the farmer selected his land in the most haphazard way. He need not do so today. He will select it on the soil analysis plan. Soil from Western Canada was submitted to Prof. Stevens, soil physicist of the State College of Washington, at Pullman, Wash. His report should no doubt further encourage settlement in Western Canada. It reads as follows:

"We have analyzed this sample and find that it runs high in lime, very high in potash, phosphorus and in nitrogen; that it has a splendid supply of organic matter and is in the best of physical condition. There is nothing wrong with this soil from the standpoint of crop production, and I am satisfied that it will give splendid results wherever put under cultivation."

It is soil like this properly worked, and on scientific lines, as is the rule today, that gives the opportunity to quote the experiences of farmers who have increased their incomes from \$500 to \$30,000 in two seasons, and whose story would read as follows:

"I have threshed altogether 7,000 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat from 200 acres, which went from 24 to 63 per acre—300 bushels 24, spring plowing 30, back setting 50 bushels—the average being 35 bushels per acre."

The newspaper giving an account of this man's experience says: "When he disposed of his 1,000 acres from north of Brooks, Alta., to four Oak Harbor men, he was worth \$30,000. Two years ago he came here with \$500 and a few horses."

It is the soil of Western Canada, and the knowledge of what it will do that brings to Canada the hundreds of settlers that are daily arriving at the border. A growing enthusiasm for the fertile prairie lands of Western Canada is spreading all over the continent. This enthusiasm is the recognition of the fact that sufficient food could be produced on these prairie lands to feed the world. From the south, east and west, hundreds of men, too old for military service, are pouring into Western Canada to take up land or to work on the farms. A great many of the incoming settlers have arrived at such central points as Calgary, Edmonton, and Lethbridge, Alberta, and at Regina, Moose Jaw, and Saskatoon, Saskatchewan. Judging from the bulk of their household effects, the number of their horses and cattle, and the quantity of implements they are bringing with them, most of the new arrivals also seem well blessed with the world's goods.

Reports from North Portal, Saskatchewan; Coutts, Alberta, and Kinsgate, British Columbia—the principal gateways into Western Canada from the United States—indicate that the present influx of farmers is in such volume as has not been witnessed for many years. From Vancouver, British Columbia, people are going to the prairies for summer farm work, many with the intention of taking up land themselves at the end of the summer.

The influence of this tide of farmers on greater food production will be more readily appreciated when it is considered that the average settler takes up at least twice as much land as he has hitherto been farming—and land which, acre for acre, produces better and larger crops.—Advertisement.

Some women are kept so busy deciding what men not to marry that they have no time to marry at all.

## OLD PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight, and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfil the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says, "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy that I know of has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact that so many people claim, it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

The clock of charity is often a sad misfit.

## When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No Smarting—Just Pure Comfort—6 cents at drugists or mail order for Free Brochure. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

## WISDOM SHOWN BY VENETIANS

Restrictive Laws as to Child Labor Might Serve as Models to the World Today.

Back in the early Middle Ages, when Venice was "Queen of the Adriatic," in fact as well as in name, one of the most famous of the Venetian products was their glassware, the very name of which is synonymous with high-grade art glass today.

This glass was produced in the is-

land of Murano, which lay in the lagoon and was part of the city of Venice, and almost every person living on that island was connected in some way or another with the glass works.

Although large numbers of children might have been constantly employed at the lighter part of this work, and although the profits might have been greatly increased by permitting the unrestricted use of child labor during the entire year, the Venetian government passed a law absolutely for-

bidding children to do work of any sort which exposed them to undue heat at any time during the summer months.

This is thoroughly typical of the foresight, wisdom and humanity which characterized the Venetian government of that time.

**Appt Comparison.** The spendthrift is like a buzz saw. He scatters a lot of dust while running around and has nothing to show for it but his board.







# THE ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. HUNSON, EDITOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE. SINGLE COPY 5c.

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"OUR FLAG"

## Democrats Support Inefficiency

Of course it is very refreshing to read almost daily in the press of Government work. But to get the real attitude of the party of which Mr. Wilson is the leader, one must look behind the scenes a bit. As passed by the House and reported to the Senate the Naval Appropriation bill contained a provision that no part of the money appropriated in it should be used to pay premium bonuses, or cash rewards to employees for increased production or greater efficiency. The paragraph was only referred to, by friend and foe alike, as the "anti-efficiency rider." Certain labor leaders were instrumental in securing its insertion in the bill, and at their instigation telegrams were sent to Senators and Congressmen urging their support of the "anti-efficiency" provision. When the matter came to a final vote in the Senate, the Republican leader, Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire, moved that the restriction on bonus be stricken from the bill. His motion prevailed by a vote of 37 to 21. Twenty of the twenty-one Senators voting against efficiency were Democrats, while 13 other members of the party were paired against it.

It was clearly brought out in the debate preceding the vote on the Gallinger amendment that the recent speeding up of our shipbuilding program is due in a large measure to the bonus system of compensation. We read every day of the new records made by gangs of riveters under favorable conditions—a crew of three men will make as much as \$80 in a single day in driving over 4,000 rivets. It has been demonstrated that without the incentive of the bonus another gang will drive less than 400 rivets. Yet the system that has brought about such tremendous increase in production would be thrown aside by the party in power, and a premium placed on "anti-efficiency" in our home productions upon which the armies at the front depend.

## Fight or Work on Farms

There are those who hope that "conscientious objectors" to fighting will permit them to follow the dictates of their own desires, despite the war. They are young men who have been drafted or are about to be drafted.

There are others who fear that "conscientious objectors" will permit slackers to keep right on with their slacking.

Both are wrong.

"Conscientious objectors" may serve to keep young men out of the fighting; but they will not serve to keep young men from working for the war. Those who will not fight will have to farm. And they will not get the fancy price that regular farm hands are getting these days, but only the pay of a private in the army. Also they will be under the official supervision of the war department all the time. The following is the official pronouncement by the war department:

"Orders have been issued by the Secretary of War providing for the segregation of conscientious objectors at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. Men refusing either to perform military service or to accept the alternative of duties classified as non-combatant will be transferred from their present camps after being interrogated personally by a board of inquiry."

"Special provision is made by which objectors who are held to be sincere in their attitude, may be furloughed without pay from the Government for agricultural service. These men must agree not to accept for their labor a greater sum than the pay of a private plus subsistence."

"Among some of the objectors an impression prevails that they may in the near future be discharged from military service and relieved from responsibility to the Government as a result of their attitude. Such is not the fact and under no circumstances will this action be taken in the case of men otherwise competent to perform military service."

The daily expenditures of the United States are now in excess of \$40,000,000 and there isn't a committee or a board of audit, or anything whatever to tell how the money is being spent. Imagine a corporation run in that manner, and yet we are all stockholders in the U. S.

THE ANTIOCH NEWS, ANTIOCH, ILL.

## Announcement

TO THE VOTERS OF LAKE COUNTY:

I hereby announce my candidacy for nomination for office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the voters at the next primary.

In doing so I feel I may be pardoned in saying a few words about myself. I was born in Gurnee; am the son of J. R. Bracher who is a civil war veteran; have lived all my life in Lake county, and for the past two years have lived in Waukegan; am a graduate of a business college; was postmaster at Gurnee for thirteen years; have run a general merchandise store for the past twenty years, and I feel that my business experience and acquaintance in the county justifies me in submitting my candidacy to the people.

I respectfully ask your support.

ROY W. BRACHER.

## ANTIOCH MILLING CO.

Try Our New  
**SANO**  
Brand Flour

Custom Grinding of All Kinds

Let us show you what  
we can do

Corner Main and Railroad Streets, Antioch

## An Ordinance Regulating the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors by Druggists in the Village of Antioch, County of Lake and State of Illinois.

Be It Ordained By The President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, County of Lake and State of Illinois.

Section 1. No person, firm, or corporation engaged in carrying on the business of selling drugs or keeping what is commonly known as a drug store, shall sell, distribute or give away alcohol or any vinous, spirituous, intoxicating or fermented liquor by himself, agent or servant without a license or permit so to do as is hereinafter provided.

Section 2. Every person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of selling drugs or keeping what is commonly known as a drug store shall, before selling, distributing or giving away any alcohol or vinous, spirituous, intoxicating or fermented liquor first obtain a license so to do.

Every such person, firm or corporation, before obtaining such license, shall enter into bond in the penal sum of Five Hundred Dollars with sufficient surety to be approved by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village conditioned for the faithful observance of all of the ordinances of the Village relating to or regulating the sale, distribution or giving away of such alcohol or liquors. The amount of such license shall be at the rate of Three Hundred Dollars per annum.

Section 3. No such person, firm or corporation shall sell, distribute or give away any alcohol or liquors as hereinbefore mentioned except upon the prescription of a physician unless such person, firm or corporation by himself, his agent, servant or employee, shall use due diligence in ascertaining for what purpose the same is to be used and shall be satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the person or persons applying for such alcohol or liquors shall use the same in good faith for medicinal, chemical, medicinal or sacramental purposes and no such person, firm or corporation shall sell, distribute or give away any such alcohol or liquors except for medicinal, chemical, medicinal or sacramental purposes.

cal, medicinal or sacramental purposes.

Section 4. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be subject to a penalty of not less than Twenty-five Dollars nor more than Three Hundred Dollars for each and every offense, and each sale, distribution or gift shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.

Section 5. In addition to such penalty any person, firm or corporation, obtaining a license who shall neglect or refuse to comply with this ordinance, shall in addition to the fine provided herein be subject to have such license or permit revoked and forfeit all license fees paid.

Section 6. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 7. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect ten days after its passage, approval and publication.

Wm. J. Christien,

President.

Attest: J. C. James,

Clerk.

Passed June 4, 1918.

Approved June 4, 1918.

Published June 13, 1918.

## Do Stones Grow?

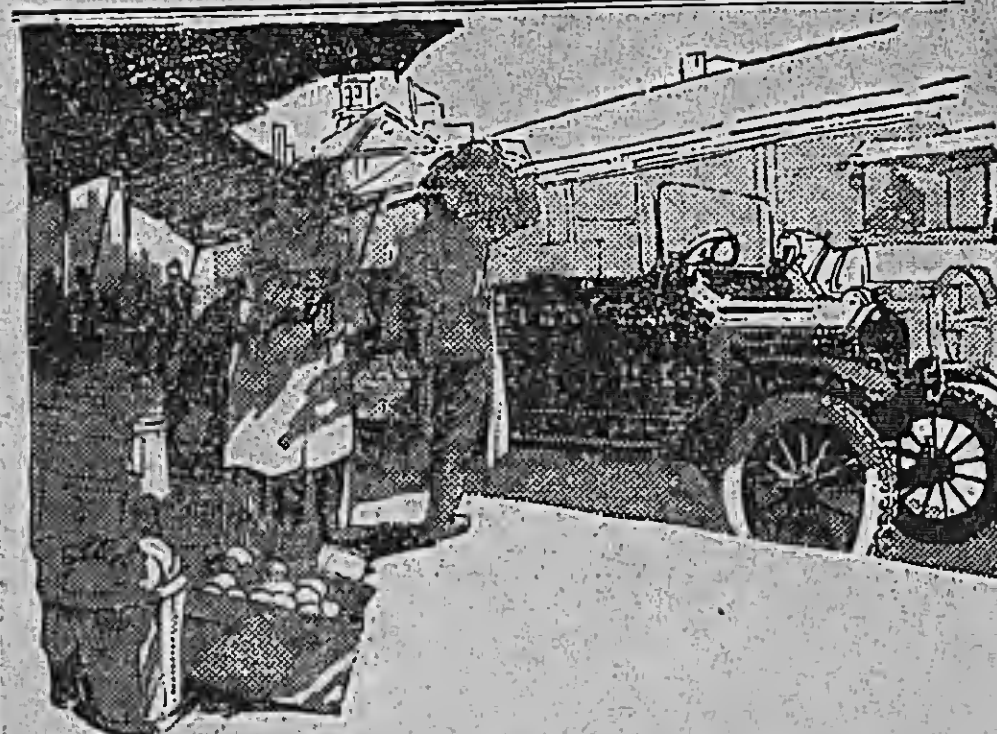
To speak very correctly, only organic things grow, though inorganic things, money for instance, may increase in size or quantity. Stones do not grow, they happen. In some way or another they have been chipped off from rocks, or hardened from clay or similar nodules. Sometimes they have been rubbed smooth, or partly so, by friction. But although they may be added to in some rare instances by coatings of hardened mud, they certainly do not and cannot "grow," as do living things, by any power within them.

## Catch Fish in Their Hands.

Fishing in Samouni sea is often done by the women, and without nets, boats, or hooks. They simply wade into the water and form themselves into a ring. The fishes being so plentiful, they are almost sure to imprison some in the ring. Those women are very quick and active, and every time they catch a fish with their hands they simply throw it, alive, into the basket on their back.

**Be Your True Self.**  
The charm of genuineness is very real. No matter how thoroughly you imitate something which you are not, the imitation will differ in some fashion from the original. That is because the imitation is governed a little by the basic qualities of the imitator.

**Causes of Bright's Disease.**  
There are many causes of Bright's disease. Among them are overeating, alcohol, gout, pneumonia, rheumatism, scarlet fever, diphtheria and measles. Rigid observance of the rules of right living will generally check it if caught in the early stages.



## War-time Responsibility—Yours and Ours

National necessity has put a new responsibility on every motorist.

Utmost service is demanded—the highest usefulness of yourself and your car.

Service and economy are your only considerations.

Our responsibility goes hand in hand with yours.

As the largest rubber manufacturer in the world, it is our duty to supply you with tires of unfailing reliability and extreme mileage.

United States Tires are more than making good in this time of stress.

They are setting new mileage records—establishing new standards of continuous service—effecting greater economy by reducing tire cost per mile.

There is a United States Tire for every car—passenger or commercial—and every condition of motoring.

The nearest United States Sales and Service Depot will cheerfully aid you in fitting the right tire to your needs.



United States Tires  
are Good Tires

We know United States Tires are good tires. That's why we sell them.

WILLIAMS BROS.

E. J. DRUCE, Grayslake, E. L. WALD & CO., Lake Villa.

Bell



System

ANSWERING a telephone call by saying "Hello" is a custom which is rapidly falling into disuse. It means nothing to the person at the other end of the line and causes needless delay.

By giving your name and the name of your firm, you identify yourself at once to the person calling, and the conversation proceeds without loss of time.



CHICAGO TELEPHONE  
COMPANY







## SECOND LARGEST U. S. WHEAT CROP

Surplus Expected to Be Large  
End to Feed Our  
Allies.

### MAY TOT BILLION BUSHELS

Department Agriculture Forecasts  
931,000,000 of Spring and Win-  
ter Wheat Combined—Oats  
Put 500,000,000 Bu.

Washington, June 10.—The second largest wheat crop in the history of the country is prospect for this year's harvest. The department of agriculture has forecast a total of 931,000,000 bushels of winter and spring wheats and held out the hope that a continuation of the present growing conditions a harvest of 1,000,000,000 bushels might be attained. The principal crop estimates are:

	Busheles
Winter wheat	587,000,000
Spring wheat	344,000,000
All wheat	931,000,000
Oats	500,000,000
Barley	235,000,000
Rye	81,000,000

A continuance of favorable conditions to harvest on the increased per yield under the later reports would make the total returns this year 980,000,000 to 1,000,000,000 bushels. Present estimates are 1 per cent larger than the harvest of last year, when 931,000,000 bushels were secured.

Kansas has a promise of 97,114,000 bushels or more than double its yield of last year. Nebraska, which had a crop fall last year, has 43,049,000 bushels. Oklahoma 32,207,000 bushels, a 41 for the three states of 172,000,000 bushels, compared with 88,000,000 bushels harvested last year. Ohio, Illinois and Minnesota combined had 188,000,000 bushels, or 56,000,000 bushels more than last year.

In the three Northwestern states, where the bulk of the spring wheat crop is raised, there is the promise of 214,000,000 bushels against 163,000,000 bushels harvested last year. North Dakota has the promise of 92,000,000 bushels.

A big wheat crop this year, with large yields in Argentina, Australia and India, means a great deal to the consuming world, particularly in the United States, where wheat is more readily available than in any other country. There is enough wheat in the United States, based on the present outlook, to place domestic consumption on a normal basis of 500,000,000 bushels for export. On the basis of 400,000,000 bushels for domestic consumption we could spare 500,000,000 bushels for the allies.

North America should have over 1,250,000,000 bushels, or enough wheat this year providing present conditions are maintained to harvest to more than supply the normal import demands of Europe for an entire year.

The oats promise of 500,000,000 bushels is 87,000,000 bushels short of the record harvest of last year, but should the present outlook be maintained the final returns would show well over 1,000,000,000 bushels, a figure never equaled in the history of the country. Condition is the highest in years, being 93.2, compared with a ten-year average of 89.4. Acreage is a record—44,475,000—an increase of 2.1 per cent over last year.

Rye, with 81,000,000 bushels, or 21,000,000 bushels more than last year, is the largest crop ever raised. Barley is estimated at 235,000,000 bushels, or 20,000,000 bushels in excess of last year.

### SEVEN IN PLOT AGAINST U. S.

Jeremiah O'Leary and Six Others Indicted by Federal Grand Jury at New York.

New York, June 10.—Six men and one woman were indicted by a federal grand jury here on Friday on a charge of high treason.

The indicted include Jeremiah O'Leary, Irish agitator, now a fugitive from justice. The others are: Maria K. de Vitorica, now being held at Ellis Island, and Paul Rodicker, who are charged with being spies of the German government; Albert Paul Ficke, W. J. Robinson, Emil Klipper and John D. Ryan.

In an indictment the defendants are charged with furnishing information of value to the military and naval enemies of the country; with handling money for the financing of enemy propaganda; with placing of spies in mudion and other manufacturing plants, and with handling money for the financing of bomb plots throughout America.

War Correspondent Wounded.  
Paris, June 10.—Floyd Gibbons, war correspondent of the Chicago Tribune at American headquarters, was wounded by machine gunfire while following operations of American troops near Chateau Thierry.

Fire Renders 50,000 Homeless.  
Amsterdam, June 10.—Fifty thousand persons are homeless as the result of a fire at Stamboul, the Mohammedan section of Constantinople, which devastated the whole eastern part of the Sultan Salim quarter.

### MAJ. GEN. HUNTER LIGGETT



A new American fighting unit composed of two army corps, approximately 200,000 men, who have long training in France, has just been formed, and it has been unofficially stated that Maj. Gen. Hunter Liggett would be its commander.

### NEW DRAFT CALL OUT

CROWDER ASKS STATE GOVERNORS FOR 200,000 MEN.

Two Million in the National Army When the New Men Called Reach Cantinments.

Washington, June 7.—While a million young Americans were registered on Wednesday for service in the war, orders went out from Provost Marshal General Crowder to the governors of all states except Arizona to mobilize between June 24 and 28 200,000 men.

This brings the total selective service men called up to 1,505,704. When they are in camp the army will number over 2,000,000.

The registration Wednesday was attended by the perfect order that marked the enrolling a year ago of 10,000,000 men.

The men who appeared on Wednesday before 4,500 local boards, military authorities estimate, will yield 750,000 fit for active duty.

While an act of congress requires that the new registrants be placed at the bottom of the class to which they are assigned, many may soon be called, as Wednesday's registration upon governors probably will exhaust the first class in some states.

While no formal explanation was made, this was believed to have been the reason why Arizona was not included in Wednesday's call.

Registration days for men heretofore becoming twenty-one years of age probably will be fixed every three months.

Assignments for the men called under Wednesday's order indicate the rapidity with which troops now are moving overseas.

It is estimated that 1,000,000 men because of age yearly, and the new registrants are expected to go far toward keeping up the first class in each state from which thus far all men for the national army have been drawn.

### WAR TO FINISH — LANSING

Secretary Condemns Any Action Looking to Peace That Will Not Forever Crush Prussianism.

New York, June 7.—Suggestions of peace based on a "perpetuation of Prussianism" and criticism of the government and the conduct of the war, "which was not constructive," were condemned by Secretary of State Lansing here.

Prussia having "wickedly sought war," the secretary said, it is the determination of the American people that "Prussia shall have war and more war and more war, until the very thought of war is abhorrent to the Prussian mind."

Mr. Lansing spoke at the commencement exercises of Columbia university, which conferred upon him and upon Lord Reading, the British ambassador, the honorary degree of doctor of laws.

### GEN. MICHIE DIES IN FRANCE

Was Brilliant Soldier and Formerly Chief Aid to General Scott—Death Sudden.

Paris, June 7.—Brig. Gen. Robert E. L. Michie of the American army died in a railroad train near Rouen Wednesday. His death was sudden and unexpected, as he had not been ill.

### Start New Air Route.

New York, June 8.—Experimental airplane mail service between New York and Boston was inaugurated when Lieutenant Webb, United States army, started on the initial flight from Belmont Park, L. I.

Fire Sweeps Arizona Town.  
Jerome, Ariz., June 8.—More than one thousand persons were made homeless by a fire of undetermined origin which swept through the Mexican district and destroyed more than one hundred houses.

## U. S. WAR TAX EIGHT BILLIONS

Secretary McAdoo Asks Direct Levy, Brunt to Fall on War Profits.

### WANTS LUXURIES HIT HARD

Suggests Raise in Unearned Income Rate—Gives Views in Letter to Kitchen, Chairman of Ways and Means Committee.

Washington, June 8.—Secretary McAdoo on Thursday recommended in a letter to Chairman Kitchen of the house ways and means committee that the new revenue bill be drawn to raise \$8,000,000,000 by taxation, one-third of the estimated \$24,000,000,000 expenditures in the fiscal year 1919.

He also recommended that a war-profit tax be established at high rate, to be superimposed upon existing excess profits taxes; that the normal income tax on unearned incomes be raised and that heavy taxation be imposed upon luxuries.

In his letter the secretary said: "If I may, without impropriety, offer a suggestion as to the revenue measure, I should recommend:

"1. That one-third of the cash expenditures to be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, be provided by taxation. According to my estimates, this would involve raising \$8,000,000,000 through taxation.

"2. That a real war profit tax at a high rate be levied upon all war profits. This tax should be superimposed upon the existing excess profits tax in such a way that the taxpayer should be required to pay whichever tax is the greater.

"The existing excess profits tax should be amended in certain important particulars so as to remove inequalities.

"3. That there should be a substantial increase in the amount of normal income tax upon so-called unearned incomes. Under existing laws earned incomes above certain exemptions are taxed 4 per cent as an income tax and 8 per cent as an excess profits tax, making a total of 12 per cent, while unearned incomes, derived from securities, etc., are taxed only 4 per cent. The 8 per cent tax should be recognized as an income tax and the rate of 12 per cent (4 per cent normal and 8 per cent excess profits) should be retained in respect to earned incomes while a higher rate than 12 per cent should be imposed on unearned incomes.

"4. That heavy taxation be imposed upon all luxuries."

Explaining his ideas for a new tax to reach actual profits made out of the war, Mr. McAdoo wrote:

"The existing excess profits tax does not always reach war profits. The rates of excess profits taxation are graduated and the maximum is 60 per cent. In Great Britain there is a flat rate of 80 per cent on all war profits.

### BIG SUM FOR COAST DEFENSE

War Department Asks Congress for \$16,000,000 to Establish Balloon and Seaplane Stations.

Washington, June 8.—A \$16,000,000 appropriation for establishing balloon and seaplane stations to guard the United States against submarines and aircraft was asked of congress on Thursday by the war department.

The department desires to establish 10 stations, 13 of them on the Atlantic coast and three on the Gulf coast. Definite locations were not given.

The coast defense plan as submitted by the department also calls for the establishment of fortifications along the coast so that guns could be transferred on railroads from one point to another to meet possible attacks.

### NEW YORK FEARS AIR RAID

Great White Way Is Darkened Following U-Boat Raid—Airplanes on Guard.

New York, June 8.—Except for street lamps, not only Greater New York but near by Jersey and sound coasts were dark on Tuesday night.

Shortly after eight o'clock airplanes flew over the city to observe how the order was being observed, and also to see how effective it was. They flew low and the noise of their engines attracted the attention of those on the streets and in houses and an alarm went out that German planes were bombing the city.

This subsided when the real object of the flyers became known.

Must Cure Huns of Desire for War.  
New York, June 10.—Thomas A. Edison in a statement read to a convention here, said: "There is but one result with which we can be satisfied; Germany must be cured forever of the desire to wage war."

Neal for New Fuel Post.  
Washington, June 10.—Fuel Administrator Garfield announced the appointment of J. B. Neal as director of production of the fuel administration. One of the plans of the new office is to stimulate production.

### F. QUATTRONE



F. Quattrone, Italian high commissioner to the United States, has denied positively the statement that American wheat shipped to Italy comes back to this country in the form of spaghetti. Mr. Quattrone protests the statements that ships are lying idle in Italian ports, and declares that further reduction of tonnage in the trade between the United States and Italy would menace the Italian people and their army with starvation.

### HOOVER SAVES BEER

ADMINISTRATION SHOWS OPPOSITION TO "BONE DRY" NATION.

Fears Putting Country "On a Whisky and Gin Basis"—Wine Is Also Protected.

Washington, June 9.—Administration opposition to any attempt to stop the manufacture of beer and wine so long as the sale of whiskey is permitted was made certain with the announcement that Food Administrator Hoover opposed such a step because he believed the evils attendant upon putting the nation on a "whiskey, brandy and gin" basis would far outweigh the small food savings that would result. President Wilson already had stated in a letter to Senator Sheppard of Texas, prohibition champion, that he would not use his power to prohibit the use of foodstuffs in beer and wine unless Mr. Hoover regarded such a step necessary.

After the position of the president and the food administration had been made known, Senator Sheppard and others said the senate would strike from the \$11,000,000 emergency agricultural bill a house amendment prohibiting the use of some \$8,000,000 carried by the measure unless manufacture of wine and beer was stopped by the president.

### C. W. FAIRBANKS IS DEAD

Former Vice President Succumbs to Nephritis in Indianapolis Home After Long Illness.

Indianapolis, June 8.—Charles Warren Fairbanks, former vice president of the United States and former United States senator for Indiana, died at his home here at 8:55 o'clock Tuesday night. Death was due to nephritis, which had been a chronic ailment with him, but not regarded as particularly serious until recently. All members of the family except Mr. Fairbanks, who is in France, were at his bedside. Charles Warren Fairbanks was born in a log cabin on a farm in Union county, Ohio, May 11, 1852. He attended Ohio Wesleyan university. In 1874 he was admitted to the bar. The same year he located in Indianapolis and married Miss Cornelia Cole, who was a student with him at Ohio Wesleyan. In 1890 he was named United States senator from Indiana. On June 23, 1904, he was nominated as Republican candidate for vice president and his election followed.

### SEES FARM FURLONGS' END

Governor of South Carolina Returns From Capital and Predicts Tillers' Call to Colors.

Columbia, S. C., June 8.—Governor Manning on his return from Washington on Thursday told the state council of defense in public session that the government would have to cancel farm labor furloughs and call to the colors farm laborers in class one.

"The United States," he declared, "may have to face trouble in Mexico. It might be necessary for the United States to place an immense army in Russia."

"The U-boat attacks," he said, "might be but the prelude to other things to come."

### Italians Smash Fees.

Rome, June 10.—Italian forces broke into enemy trenches on the Monte Di Val Belle front, taking 60 prisoners, six machine guns and a quantity of munitions, the Italian war office announced.

### E. A. Strause Found Guilty.

Peoria, Ill., June 10.—E. A. Strause, banker, was convicted of murdering Berne M. Mend. The jury returned a verdict of murder in the second degree on Friday, after deliberating four hours.

## MAN SLEEPS WHILE HIS BEDDING BURNS

Occupant of Next Room Finds Him Stretched Out Like Brunnhilda.

Newton, N. J.—He slumbered deeply and loudly in his room at the Waldmere hotel. After a little cigarette butt that he had dropped ignited the mattress. He continued to sleep, while little flames ran along its edge and the room filled with smoke.

The man in the next room began to choke and traced the fire to the door of the slumberer. He entered to find the mattress afire, with its occupant



Entered to Find the Mattress Afire.

stretched calm and still like Brunnhilda on her pyre—only Brunnhilda did not snore.

The intruder picked up the pitcher and emptied its contents on the modern Hip Van Winkle, who stirred, muttered drowsily, and slept again. The fire was out, to all appearances, and the rescuer left, pursued by the snores of the rescued.

Five hours later the man in the next room appealed to the management. "He's afire again," he complained, "and I can't wake him up."

It took two strong men to rouse him sufficiently for him to slide off the burning mattress.

### HUG BY PRETTY GIRL

ENDS IN LOSS OF \$130

San Francisco.—A long hug by a pretty girl cost Charles Smulders, of this city, \$130, and the fact that the young woman was beautiful does not console him in the least. Smulders told the police that he was walking down the street when the "fair young thing" threw her arms about his neck babbling terms of endearment with vehemence. Smulders struggled a half block before he could break from her embrace.

Then he discovered that his wallet was missing.

### THOUGHT SHE BURIED SON

Georgia Woman Treated to Sensation When She Meets Him in Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga.—All the sensations associated with the miracles of olden times have been experienced by Mrs. Rosa Holley Whitehead of Atlanta, who recently attended, as she thought, the funeral of her son, Aubrey Whitehead in Louisville, Ky. After the ceremonies Mrs. Whitehead returned to Atlanta and met her son, who is in perfect health. The cause of the remark made by Aubrey, which was overheard, that he "would end it all in the river," The body of a man was found in the Ohio river and young Whitehead disappeared. There was great resemblance in the body to young Whitehead. A Louisville undertaker is wondering who is going to pay for the expensive funeral.

### "ROLL BONES" TO SHOW JURY

Detroit Defendant, After Demonstrating a Crap Game, Is Convicted.

Detroit, Mich.—While a court and a jury looked on and sanctioned the act, a real old-fashioned crap game took place in the courtroom here.

After some of the jurors had started the court by admitting they had never seen a crap game, Alfred Frank, a negro, who was the defendant in the case on trial, was called on to demonstrate "rolling the bones."

"Now, talk to 'em," as you did the night of the murder," the court ordered, and Frank obeyed. It was one of the names given the dice that led to the shooting of Charles Powell, another negro. Frank was found guilty of the crime.

## HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and my doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well."

"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles."

so I can do my housework without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 6th St. N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.

## BLACK LEG

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED BY CUTTER'S BLACKED PILLS  
Low price, reliable, effective, and safe. Write for booklet containing full particulars. 10-cent package, Blacked Pills, \$1.00. 50-cent package, Blacked Pills, \$4.00. The only reliable, but Cutter's Blacked Pills, \$4.00. The superiority of Cutter's Blacked Pills is due to over 15 years of experience in the manufacture of this medicine. Only 10-cent package, \$1.00. Write for booklet. The Cutter Laboratories, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

## Rely On Cuticura To Clear Pimples

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM  
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Reddened Scalp and Itchy Head. Cleanses and Softens Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

## Kill All Flies!

Placed anywhere, Delany Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient and cheap. Made of metal, does not melt. Kills all species of flies, including house flies, stable flies, and mosquitoes. Ask for Delany Fly Killer.

NEAL DRINK HABIT

## 100 Per Cent on LIBERTY BONDS

100% interest on Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps possible. We want \$20,000 worth at face value in remittances of \$50 and upwards. NO LIMIT. Write quick while you have a chance. JOHN H. CANN & CO., Suite 200 Ellis Bldg., Brownwood, Texas.

## Queer Happening.

"Meat prices in France keep soaring higher and higher," said Novelist Edith Wharton. "Cold boiled ham, for instance, now costs \$2 a pound."

"I know a French woman who visited her butcher's the other day with a basketful of wooden stewers. She plumped the stewers down on the counter and said:

"I return these. Give me their weight in beef, please."

"Wh—what?" gasped the butcher. "They were weighed to me as beef," the woman explained, "and I paid for them as beef. So, naturally, now that I bring them back I demand their full value as beef!"

## Father's Generosity.

"How are you getting along, my son?" asked the father visiting the camp at Yaphank.

"All right, father," replied the private.

"Cent you well, do they?"

"Oh, yes; first rate."

"Let you smoke?"

"Certainly they do."

"Well, come and have a cigar with me."

"I must ask the captain, father."

"Why, certainly; but I didn't know he smoked. Ask the general to come along, too and have one!"

## Circulating Medium.

"She takes only boarders who are blue-blooded."

"How does she make sure that they are?"

"She bleeds them."

When you think of Wheat-Saving foods, POST TOASTIES—SUPERIOR CORN FLAKES—says Bobbie.







## RURAL NEWS

## LAKE VILLA

Mrs. Frank Nader entertained a few ladies Friday afternoon.

Ensign Earl Potter spent the week-end with his parents here.

Mrs. F. M. Hamlin was the guest of Oak Park friends Sunday.

Miss Genevieve Edmonds of Kansas, is visiting relatives here.

The Ladies Aid will hold a bakery sale on Saturday of this week.

The Elworth League have a marshall-mallow fest at Deep Lake tonight (Thursday).

Rev. Snyder is home for his summer vacation, having finished his school work last week.

The Ladies Aid enjoyed a very pleasant afternoon with Mrs. Geo. Pliman last Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Atwell are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, on Tuesday, June 4.

Oliver Wilton is home from Cham-paign for his summer vacation, also James Leonard from his Chicago school.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hamlin and Mr. and Mrs. Paul Avery autoed to Chicago Monday. Mr. Hamlin left his car for repairs.

The solicitors, who are also the collectors for the Red Cross auction sale for July 13, will soon call on you. Are you ready?

Announcement of arrival of a son to Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Culver, in Michigan, but well known here, has lately been received.

School closes this week Friday for the summer vacation. An exhibit of the work done by the pupils during the past year was held at the school house last Saturday and a number of visitors spent the afternoon at the school. We are proud of the kind of work our school is doing.

Children's day will be observed at the M. E. church next Sunday, a week late, but for various reasons it could not have been done earlier. All are cordially invited to this service as well as to other church services. Services next Sunday will be at 10:30, as there will be no Sunday School.

A business deal which came as a great surprise was put through Monday when D. R. Manzer sold his stock of goods and store to a gentleman from Milwaukee, who will continue the business. Mr. and Mrs. Manzer, have made many friends during their stay in the store and we hope they will continue as residents here, although they have not decided as to their future course. We wish their successor a very pleasant and profitable business.

## MILLBURN

Miss Allen is visiting Miss Jessie Cannon.

Mrs. Wm. Taylor was buried at Millburn Saturday.

M. J. Cannon of Kenosha spent Sunday with home folks.

Miss Helen Safford is visiting her sister at Wheaton, Ill.

Lyburn Stewart and daughter spent over Sunday at A. H. Stewart's.

Mrs. E. A. Martin returned home on Friday from the hospital in Chicago.

Edwin Denman and wife of Libertyville spent the week-end with his parents here.

The Ladies Aid society will give an ice cream social at the church, Thursday, June 20.

## HICKORY

D. B. Webb and wife autoed to River Forest Sunday.

Bert King and daughter, Lillian of Chicago spent Sunday at Wilson King's.

Fred and Pauline Pullen spent the latter part of last week at Tom Frazier's of Rosecrans.

The Hickory Cemetery society will meet at the Hickory church on Thursday afternoon, June 20. Supper will be served by Miss Nellie Johnson and Mrs. O. L. Hollenbeck. Everyone invited.

## Derivation of "Alcohol"

Alcohol is of Arabic origin, being derived from the particle "al" and the word "kohl," which was a name given to an impalpable powder used in the East for painting the eyebrows. For many centuries the word was used to designate any fine powder. Both Paracelsus and Libavius used it in that respect in their writings.

## Be Explicit

Many a salesman loses a sale because he expects to be understood. A salesman must not expect anything; he should be explicit, if he don't want to be disappointed.

## TREVOR

August Baethke and family autoed to Hinsdale Sunday.

Miss Lillie Baethke was an Antioch visitor Wednesday.

Miss Mary Reynolds was calling on friends here Saturday.

Mrs. Evans and children were Waukegan shoppers Friday.

Bernard Yopp of Racine spent Sunday with Byron Patrick.

Edgar Baethke of Chicago spent Sunday with his parents here.

Tom Watkins of Salem was buried in Liberty Cemetery Monday.

Mrs. Josephine Bolton spent Sunday and Monday with relatives in Antioch.

Mr. Van Osdel went to Chicago on Monday to attend the funeral of a sister.

Mrs. McGillis of Chicago spent the past week with her nephew, Donald McKay.

Fred Shreck and wife attended the wedding of a nephew at Libertyville Wednesday.

Wm. Evans and Henry Lubeno attended a Milk Dealers convention in Elgin Thursday.

Mrs. Alice Terpoling and Miss Patrick were guests of Mrs. Ward Bloss of Salem Sunday.

Mrs. Mickle and Mrs. Lubeno attended the Eastern Star meeting at Wilmot Wednesday evening.

Miss Marjorie Bailey, a teacher in Kenosha spent the week-end with her cousin Mrs. Geo. Patrick.

Rollis Burroughs of Dodgeville and Mr. Lee of Rockford spent Saturday with the former's sister, Miss Alla Burroughs.

Miss Daisy Mickle, who has been teaching at Omro, Wis., returned home Friday, Miss Priebe accompanied her for a few days visit.

There was a good attendance at the Red Cross room Wednesday and much work was accomplished. Please come ladies as your help will be greatly appreciated.

Harry Emerson and family and Mr. and Mrs. Haanepal autoed from Chicago Saturday and spent the day with the former's uncle, Mr. Mickle and family. Mr. Emerson, who has been in Arkansas received word while here that he had been promoted from Second Lieutenant to First Lieutenant.

## SALEM

Mrs. A. Burdick was a Kenosha visitor Tuesday.

Our vicinity was visited by a much needed rain Sunday.

R. Smith of Zion City spent Sunday with Miss Vera Burdick.

P. Cammings and wife are entertaining John Klammer of Camp Grant.

Miss Florence Faden closed her school Thursday with a picnic at Paddock Lake.

Mrs. A. McVicar and daughter returned to Kenosha Sunday after a visit with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Foster were given a surprise Sunday, it being the fifth anniversary of their marriage.

Mrs. Burdick entertained Mr. and Mrs. W. Chaffee and son Willie and wife of Milwaukee over the week end.

One Way to Get Around It.

Doris ran errands for a neighbor and was always rewarded with pennies. I decided this was a bad habit and told Doris she was not to take money for doing an act of kindness. The next time the penny was offered to her she shook her head and said, "My mother won't allow me to take any more pennies, but there is no objection to having a penny's worth of candy put on your charge account."—Chicago Tribune.

## To Put In Her Coffee

A physician in a Southern state received the following note: "My wife has lost her recompense for me. She is giving her distributions to another man. I want you to send me something to put in her coffee and make her malignity herself to me again, if you please." This is a clear case of putting up a hard job to the doctor.—New Orleans States.

## Or Blow a Shoe-Horn

Mrs. Johnson—"Can't stay long, Mrs. Snow, I just come to see if you wouldn't join de mission band." Mrs. Snow—"Fo' de lan's sakes, honey, don't come to me! I can't even play a mount organ."—Christina Register.

## Uncle Eben

"Talk is cheap," said Uncle Eben "fo' de manufacturer. But it may be expensive fo' de man dat gives up valuable time listenin' to it."

## WILMOT

C. Bufton was out from Kenosha Sunday.

Services were held at the Lutheran church Sunday evening.

Miss Rose Bufton of Kenosha, spent the week-end with her parents in Wilmot.

Great interest was shown in the eclipse of the sun last Saturday afternoon.

E. Wright and family, Mrs. Fuson and Tom Fuson were Kenosha visitors Monday.

The monthly meeting of the Lutheran Ladies Aid was largely attended Friday afternoon.

The local Red Cross will meet Friday, June 21, in place of on Thursday, June 20, next week.

Private Leland Hegeman of Camp Custer, was home on a forty-hour furlough over Sunday.

Miss Edith Darby, who taught in Berwyn, Ill., the past year is home for the summer vacation.

Mrs. M. McCormick of Milwaukee spent the latter part of the week as the guest of Mrs. Tom Loftus.

Mrs. Anderson of Crystal Lake is at Frank Kruekman's assisting in the care of her granddaughter, Margaret.

Howard and Floyd Herick and their families of Chicago motored out and spent Sunday with their mother in Wilmot.

H. Gardiner, wife and daughter have returned to their home in California after spending several weeks visiting relatives here.

The Mesdames L. Hegeman, F. Burroughs, F. Faulkner, Gertrude O'Connor and Vera Hegeman drove to Burlington Thursday night.

Private Charles Bauman was at home from Camp Custer, on a short furlough Sunday. A family reunion was held in his honor at Burlington Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Nett spent Sunday at the Lentz home in Bassetts. Mr. Lentz had the misfortune of breaking his arm Sunday morning while cranking his car.

Mrs. B. Reel and sons of Kenosha, spent the week-end at the home of her sister, Mrs. E. Murphy. Dr. and Mrs. Murphy returned to Kenosha with her Monday morning.

The members of the High School Jr., Red Cross attended the Red Cross meeting in a body Thursday and will continue to work with the local branch for the remainder of this school year.

A recent letter from Lieut. Earle Darby in France to his father, Dr. Darby acknowledges the receipt of a box of cigars and that he is well. Lieut. Darby has charge of a gas battalion.

Father Brasky of Bristol, Father Sezon of Omaha, Mr. West and family of Waukegan; Attorney Higgins and family and Hugh Rafferty and family of Kenosha; were guests at the Carey home Sunday.

At a meeting of the Milk Producer's association at the M. W. A., hall on Tuesday night, Charles Ratch was chosen as the representative to be sent from here at a meeting to be held in Elgin soon.

Dr. Darby with the assistance of Frank Stewart, Edith Dean, Mrs. J. Carey, Mrs. A. Holtdorf and Grace Carey examined thirty children, at his office, according to government regulations Saturday afternoon.

Fred Faulkner has taken over the Wilmot Garage until further disposal of the property may be made. Don Herick has been assisting Mr. Faulkner. Former patrons may still secure the excellent service of the past.

Mrs. C. Wright of Bassetts entertained at a miscellaneous shower for her sister, Miss Ethel Wright Saturday night. Miss Wright was the recipient of a number of very pretty and useful gifts. After a mock wedding, light refreshments were served, and the guests departed after spending a most enjoyable evening.

Two flags, a service flag with seven stars, and a United States flag were dedicated at the Holy Name church on Sunday. Father Brasky made a very impressive patriotic speech and plan for the support of the United States government and of the boys who are in the service of our country.

The Lutheran Ladies Aid will give their annual bazaar on Thursday, June 20th, at the Lutheran hall afternoon and evening. They will have their usual excellent supply of fancy work, home baking, candy and quilts on sale. They will serve a lunch of coffee, sandwiches, two kinds of cake and ice cream for a quarter.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Faulkner entertained Monday in honor of the birthday of Mr. Faulkner's aunt, Mrs. Gardiner of California. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs of Richmond; Mr. and Mrs. George Hockney and daughter Julia of Antioch; and Mr. and Mrs. F. Faulkner, Mr. and Mrs. J. Owen, Mrs. C. Phillips, Mrs. Westlake, Mr. and Mrs. Loney and Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Shodliff of Wilmot.

## Making Pleasant Scents

The magnolia has a pleasing perfume, but the odor is limited to perfection without using the flower at all, because it is too large to incense with success. So the magnolia perfume is furnished by a mixture of orange flower, rose, tuberose and violet essences, which make a fine "extract of magnolia." Indian lemon grass likewise gives "extract of yerbena." With the rose as a foundation and a dash of verbeum, the perfume of the delicate and fleeting "sweet-briar" is obtained.

## City of Clubs

London has the name of the world's greatest club city, but as a matter of fact, in this respect it is poor second to Havana, Cuba. The clubs of Havana are larger, more numerous and more powerful than the clubs of any other city in the world. Everybody in Havana belongs to a club. There is one club there with 45,000 members. Out of a population of 800,000, it is estimated that the total club membership exceeds 125,000. No other city can even approach this proportion.

## Oriental Rubies

The Oriental ruby consists of nearly pure alumina—i. e., oxide of aluminum—in a crystalline form, containing but 1 per cent of oxide of iron and 3/4 per cent of any other substance. The specific gravity of this precious stone is higher than that of many other gems, ranging from 3.9 to 4.2. Aluminum, the metal, has, when cast, a density of 2.59; when forged, of 2.67; or only one-third of that of forged steel or a fourth of that of silver. The melting point is about 1,800 degrees Fahrenheit.

## Inade Flower Box

So many people fail to recognize the decorative qualities to be found in the use of the all-year-round flower boxes. And there is no doubt at all that flower boxes make a room look more cozy and homelike. Consult a florist regarding the sort of flowers which will grow well in your window, and consult a carpenter about making the necessary window box. Your room will be a more beautiful and lovable place.

## Politics of the Future

Some day a political genius will announce that he covets the votes of the worst class of people; and the bored and soft-soaped electorate will rise with a mighty shout and elect him to office unanimously.—St. Louis City Journal.

## Daily Thought

We have spoken of physical courage, or the courage of nerves, of moral courage, or the courage of principles. Besides these there is intellectual courage, or the courage of opinions.—Phillips Brooks.

## Household Waste as Fertilizer

Chemical analyses of the ash of household wastes, made at the Connecticut agricultural experiment station, show that there is marked fertilizing value in such common refuse as banana skins, orange skins, grapefruit skins, lemon skins, apple peels, cantaloupe rinds, potato peelings, pea pods, bean strings and stems, tea leaves, coffee grounds, egg shells, bones, peanut shells, tobacco, fruit stones, etc. These are recommended for fertilizing home gardens.

## L. G. STRANG

Licensed Embalmer and  
Funeral Director

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Teacher of Violin

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Dr. F. S. Morrell, Antioch

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Eye Glasses Scientifically Fitted  
At Keulman's Jewelry Store  
Antioch, Ill.

LOTUS CAMP NO. 557 M. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in the Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting neighbors always welcome.  
J. C. JAMES, Clerk. NORRIS PROCTOR, V. G.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.

Loan and Diamond Broker  
Diamonds, watches and all kinds of jewelry at less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores.  
24 North Dearborn St. Chicago.

## Where does she get so much time

Many women ask themselves this question. The secret of leisure is household efficiency.

Electric appliances, the washing machine and vacuum cleaner, will finish all your household tasks in a fraction of the time you now use. The electric way is always the easy way.

We sell appliances on monthly payments

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Cash or easy payment

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House wiring our specialty

Sequoia Lodge No. 827 A.F. & A. M.

Holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.  
FRANK HUBER, Sec'y. F. O. HAWKINS, W. M.  
The Eastern Star meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.  
JULIA ROSENFIELD, W. M.  
IDA OSMOND, Sec'y

## BANK OF ANTIOCH

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a General Banking Business  
J. E. BROOK, Banker

## Announcement:

## To the Readers of Chicago Newspapers:

The Chicago Herald has passed out of existence. It has been bought by

William Randolph Hearst, who has consolidated it with The Chicago Examiner. It is announced that the new publication will be issued daily and Sunday by the Hearst interests. This action, we believe, is another tribute to the popularity and prestige of The Chicago Tribune.

The Chicago Tribune has been issued continuously for 71 years. This

unbroken record of popularity is due to its superior news and features. In addition to such authoritative news channels as the Associated Press, United Press and The New York Times News Service, The Chicago Tribune maintains its own correspondents in Washington, London, Paris, and with the American expeditionary Forces in France. Thus the latest news of important events throughout the world is delivered to Chicago Tribune readers accurately, speedily, unfailingly.

If you have not read The Chicago Tribune regularly--if you have not realized

the importance of securing the latest news of the entire world through an authentic source--begin NOW! Get The Chicago Tribune daily, \$4.00 per year. You'll enjoy it superior news service--it exceptional features. In its quantity add quality of news and features you'll recognize why it has a greater circulation than all other, Chicago morning newspapers combined and why it has carried more advertising than all other Chicago morning papers combined. Get the news of the world--through a Chicago paper. For reliability choose THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

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